
Leczenie wrodzonej torbieli worka łzowego z użyciem technik endoskopowych – opis przypadku

Treatment of a Congenital Lacrimal Sac Mucocele Using Endoscopic Techniques – a Case Report

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Summary:

Congenital lacrimal sac mucocele occurs in approximately 3% of infants with congenital lacrimal duct obstruction. Lacrimal sac mucocele is sometimes associated with a intranasal nasolacrimal duct cyst presenting as an intranasal cystic mass, which needs the involvement of an ophthalmologist and otolaryngologist in diagnosis and management. Bilateral cysts may cause in the early neonatal varying degrees of nasal obstruction, sleep disturbance, feeding difficulty and even respiratory distress. We present a case of bilateral dacryocystocele with intranasal extension presenting as respiratory distress in a 7-day-old male newborn. The diagnosis was confirmed clinically and by computed tomography scan.

Key words:

Słowa kluczowe:

lacrimal sac mucocele (LSM), intranasal nasolacrimal duct cyst (INDC), nasal endoscopy, dacryocystocele.

torbiel worka łzowego, torbiel przewodu-nosowo-łzowego, wrodzona niedrożność dróg łzowych, endoskopia.